L5 SOD&NIT (A&B)

MACHINE LEARNING HOMEWORK

To be submitted on Monday

- 1. Explain the main steps involved in the **Machine Learning Life**Cycle and why each step is important.
- 2. Compare and contrast **Supervised, Unsupervised, and Semi-Supervised Learning**. Provide a real-world example for each.
- 3. What are the advantages and disadvantages of using **Machine Learning** in real-world applications? Provide examples.
- 4. How does **Reinforcement Learning** differ from other types of machine learning? Give an example of its application.
- 5. Describe the role of **Python** and popular libraries like **TensorFlow** and **Scikit-learn** in the machine learning workflow.
- 6. Why is it important to prepare a **Machine Learning Environment** before starting a project? What tools are typically used?
- 7. Explain the difference between **Artificial Intelligence**, **Machine Learning**, and **Deep Learning** using a comparison table.
- 8. Define the following terms: **Data, Information, Dataset, Data Warehouse, and Big Data**. How do they relate to machine learning?
- 9. What are the **6 V's of Big Data**? Explain each with an example.
- 10. Compare **Structured**, **Semi-Structured**, and **Unstructured Data**. Give an example of each type.
- 11. Describe at least three **sources of data** used in machine learning and how they can be collected.
- 12. What are some common **methods for gathering a machine learning dataset**? Include both manual and automated approaches.

- 13. How can **public datasets** like those from Kaggle or UCI be useful in machine learning projects?
- 14. Explain the process of **loading a dataset using Pandas and Scikit-learn**. Provide a code example for each.
- 15. What is the purpose of **data visualization** in machine learning? Name three tools used for visualization and their key features.
- 16. Compare **Matplotlib**, **Seaborn**, **and Plotly**. When would you choose one over the others?
- 17. Describe the use cases for the following types of plots: **Scatter Plot, Line Plot, Bar Chart, Histogram, Box Plot, and Heatmap**.
- 18. What are some **best practices** to follow when creating data visualizations? Why are they important?
- 19. How can you **interpret patterns and trends** from a line plot? Provide an example.
- 20. Explain how **correlation and causation** differ. How can visualizations help identify correlation?